The CARES Act tasks the Small Business Administration with overseeing the distribution of millions of dollars in loans and grants to help small businesses survive the pandemic. It also provides additional funding for SBA's Resource Partners to provide advice and training to help small businesses respond to the unprecedented challenges in communities throughout the country.

### Paycheck Protection Program

**What is the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)?**
A new $350 billion loan program at SBA for small businesses, self-employed, and gig workers to help them from going under due to the COVID-19 pandemic. If borrowers maintain payroll, the loans would be forgiven.

**Who is Eligible?**
- Any business concerns, nonprofit organization, veteran or Tribal business concern that employs no more than 500 employees (or the size standard in number of employees established by the Administration for the industry in which such business operates)
- Sole proprietors
- Independent contractors
- Self-employed individuals

**How Does the Process Work?**
All current SBA lenders are eligible lenders. Also, the Department of Treasury will authorize new lenders to help expedite the processing and delivery of capital to small businesses.

**How Much?**
The size of the loan is 250% of an employer’s average monthly payroll cost during the period Feb. 15, 2019 to June 30, 2019, capped at $10 million.

**How Can I Use It?**
- Employee compensation, including: salaries, wages, commissions, or similar compensation; cash tips or equivalents; vacation, parental, family, medical, or sick leave; payment required for providing group health care benefits (including insurance premiums); payment of retirement benefits; and payroll taxes.
- Any compensation or income of a sole proprietor or independent contractor no greater than $100,000 in one year
- Payment of interest on mortgage obligations, rent, utilities, and interest on pre-existing debt obligations.

**Why a PPP Loan?**
- Any business concerns, nonprofit organization, veteran or Tribal business concern that employs no more than 500 employees (or the size standard in number of employees established by the Administration for the industry in which such business operates)
- Sole proprietors
- Independent contractors
- Self-employed individuals

### Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)

**What is an EIDL Grant?**
The CARES Act creates a new $10 billion grant program, leveraging SBA’s Office of Disaster Assistance Infrastructure, to provide small businesses with quick, much-needed capital.

**Who is Eligible?**
- Private nonprofit organizations, small agricultural cooperatives
- Businesses; cooperatives; ESOPs; and tribal business concerns with 500 or fewer employees
- Independent contractors
- Self-employed individuals (whether or not self-employed)

**How does the process work?**
- Eligible applicants who apply for an EIDL may request up to $10,000 be immediately disbursed. The amount need not be repaid, regardless of the loan decision.
- EIDL borrowers may apply for the Paycheck Protection Program, but when determining loan forgiveness, the advance EIDL grant is taken into consideration.

**How Much?**
A million small businesses are eligible to receive up to $20,000.

**How long will the process take?**
The legislation requires SBA to disburse the funds within three days of receiving the application.

**How Can It Be Used?**
- Any allowable purpose under the EIDL program
- Provide paid sick leave, maintain payroll, and meet increased costs
- Make rent or mortgage payments, and repaying unmet obligations.